What You Should Know About Influenza (Flu) Antiviral Drugs

Can the flu be treated?

Yes. There are prescription medications called "antiviral drugs" that can treat flu illness.

What are antiviral drugs?

Antiviral drugs are prescription medicines (pills, liquid, or an inhaled powder) that fight against the flu in your body. Antiviral drugs are not sold over-the-counter. You can only get them

if you have a prescription from your doctor or health care provider. Antiviral drugs are different from antibiotics, which fight against bacterial infections.

What should I do if I think I have the flu?

If you get the flu, antiviral drugs are a treatment option.



Check with your doctor promptly if you are at high risk of serious flu complications (see the next page for full list of high risk factors) and you get flu symptoms. Flu symptoms can include fever, cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose, body aches, headache, chills, and fatigue. Your doctor may prescribe antiviral drugs to treat your flu illness.

Should I still get a flu vaccine?

Yes. Antiviral drugs are not a substitute for getting a flu vaccine. While flu vaccine can vary in how well it works, a flu vaccine is the first and best way to prevent influenza. Antiviral drugs are a second line of defense to treat the flu if you get sick.

What are the benefits of antiviral drugs?

When used for treatment, antiviral drugs can lessen symptoms and shorten the time you are sick by 1 or 2

> days. They also can prevent serious flu complications, like pneumonia. For people at high risk of serious flu complications, treatment with an antiviral drug can mean the difference between having a milder illness versus a very serious illness that could result in a hospital stay.

What are the possible side effects of antiviral drugs?

Some side effects have been associated with the use of flu antiviral drugs, including nausea, vomiting, dizziness, runny or stuffy nose, cough, diarrhea, headache, and some behavioral side effects. These are uncommon. Your doctor can give you more information



about these drugs or you can check the CDC other Food How long should antiviral drugs be taken? and Drug Administration (FDA) websites.

To treat the flu, Tamiflu® and Relenza® are usually When should antiviral drugs be taken for prescribed for5 days, although people hospitalized with treatment? the flu may need the medicine for longer than 5 days. Rapivab® is given intravenously for 15 to 30 minutes.

Studies show that flu antiviral drugs work best for treatment Can children and pregnant women take when they are started within 2 days of getting sick. However, starting them later can still be helpful, especially antiviral drugs? if the sick person is at high risk of serious flu complications or is very sick from the flu. Follow instructions for taking Yes. Children and pregnant women can take antiviral drugs. these drugs.

What antiviral drugs are recommended this flu season?

It's very important that antiviral drugs are used early to treat people who are very sick with the flu (for example, There are three FDA-approved antiviral drugs people who are in the hospital) and people who are recommended by CDC this season. The brand names for sick with the flu who are at high risk of serious flu these are Tamiflu® (generic name oseltamivir), Relenza® complications, either because of their age or because they (generic name zanamivir), and Rapivab® (generic name have a high risk medical condition. Other people also peramivir). Tamiflu® is available as a pill or liquid and may be treated with antiviral drugs by their doctor this Relenza® is a powder that is inhaled. (Relenza® is not season. Most people who are otherwise healthy and get for people with breathing problems like asthma or COPD, the flu, however, do not need to be treated with antiviral for example.) Rapivab® is given intravenously by a health drugs. care provider.

Who should take antiviral drugs?